

SIMULTANEOUS LINEAR EQUATIONSEXERCISE

Solve

1. 
$$\begin{cases} 3x + 2y = 16 & \textcircled{1} \\ 9x + 4y = 38 & \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

2. 
$$\begin{cases} 3x - 2y = 10 & \textcircled{1} \\ 5x - 3y = 17 & \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

3. 
$$\begin{cases} 4x + 5y = 20 & \textcircled{1} \\ 2x - 2y = 1 & \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

4. 
$$\begin{cases} 2x + y = 4 & \textcircled{1} \\ 3x + 4y = 1 & \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

5. 
$$\begin{cases} 5x - 2y = 20 & \textcircled{1} \\ 3x - 6y = 36 & \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

6. 
$$\begin{cases} 3x + 2y = -3 & \textcircled{1} \\ 5x - 8y = -22 & \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

(2)

SIMULTANEOUS LINEAR EQUATIONSEXERCISE

1)

$$3x + 2y = 16 \quad ①$$

$$9x + 4y = 38 \quad ②$$

$$① \times 2 \quad 6x + 4y = 32 \quad ③$$

$$② - ③ \quad 3x = 6$$

$$x = \frac{6}{3}$$

$$\underline{x = 2}$$

2)

$$3x - 2y = 10 \quad ①$$

$$5x - 3y = 17 \quad ②$$

$$① \times 3$$

$$9x - 6y = 30 \quad ③$$

$$② \times 2$$

$$10x - 6y = 34 \quad ④$$

$$④ - ③$$

$$\underline{x = 4}$$

Substitute for  $x$  in ①Substitute for  $x$  in ①

$$3(2) + 2y = 16$$

$$6 + 2y = 16$$

$$2y = 16 - 6$$

$$2y = 10$$

$$y = \frac{10}{2}$$

$$\underline{y = 5}$$

$$3(4) - 2y = 10$$

$$12 - 2y = 10$$

$$-2y = 10 - 12$$

$$-2y = -2$$

$$y = \frac{-2}{-2}$$

$$\underline{y = +1}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = 5 \end{cases}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{cases} x = 4 \\ y = 1 \end{cases}$$

(3)

SIMULTANEOUS LINEAR EQUATIONSEXERCISE

3.)

$$4x + 5y = 20 \quad (1)$$

$$2x - 2y = 1 \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \times 2 \quad 8x + 10y = 40 \quad (3)$$

$$(2) \times 5 \quad 10x - 10y = 5 \quad (4)$$

$$(3) + (4) \quad 18x = 45$$

$$x = \frac{45}{18} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\underline{x = 2\frac{1}{2}}$$

Substitute for  $x$  in (1)

$$4\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) + 5y = 20$$

$$10 + 5y = 20$$

$$5y = 20 - 10$$

$$5y = 10$$

$$y = \frac{10}{5}$$

$$\underline{y = 2}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{cases} x = 2\frac{1}{2} \\ y = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$4) \quad 2x + y = 4 \quad (1)$$

$$3x + 4y = 1 \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \times 4 \quad 8x + 4y = 16 \quad (3)$$

$$(3) - (2) \quad 5x = 15$$

$$x = \frac{15}{5}$$

$$\underline{x = 3}$$

Substitute for  $x$  in (1)

$$2(3) + y = 4$$

$$6 + y = 4$$

$$y = 4 - 6$$

$$\underline{y = -2}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{cases} x = 3 \\ y = -2 \end{cases}$$

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5.)

$$5x - 2y = 20 \quad ①$$

$$3x - 6y = 36 \quad ②$$

$$① \times 3 \quad 15x - 6y = 60 \quad ③$$

$$③ - ② \quad 12x = 24$$

$$x = \frac{24}{12}$$

$$\underline{x = 2}$$

Substitute for  $x$  in ①

$$5(2) - 2y = 20$$

$$10 - 2y = 20$$

$$-2y = 20 - 10$$

$$-2y = 10$$

$$y = \frac{10}{-2}$$

$$\underline{y = -5}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = -5 \end{cases}$$

6.)

$$3x + 2y = -3 \quad ①$$

$$5x - 8y = -22 \quad ②$$

$$① \times 4 \quad 12x + 8y = -12 \quad ③$$

$$② + ③ \quad 17x = -34$$

$$x = \frac{-34}{17}$$

$$\underline{x = -2}$$

Substitute for  $x$  in ①

$$3(-2) + 2y = -3$$

$$-6 + 2y = -3$$

$$2y = -3 + 6$$

$$2y = 3$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\underline{y = 1\frac{1}{2}}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{cases} x = -2 \\ y = 1\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$